

Hidan lower mit Hidan Siq

Wadi el Hidan Lower, Wadi Al Wala, Hidan Siq

Info : La qualité de cette description n'a pas encore été vérifiée ou a été jugée mauvaise. Si vous connaissez ce canyon, merci de vérifier cette description et de déposer un rapport avec une note pour cette description en utilisant Rapports + <i>Nouveau rapport</i> . Si vous constatez une erreur, merci de nous en faire part ou de rejoindre la communauté afin de corriger vous-même cette description.				
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Pays: الأردن / Jordan	Région: ابادام / Muḥafazat Madaba	Sous-région: نابذءاول / Dhiban	Ville: عمحم	
Difficulté: un peu difficile			Niveau: v4 a4 IV	Temps total: 9h40
Temps approche: 1h10		Temps tour: 7h		Temps de retour: 1h30
Altitude d'entrée: -70m		Altitude de sortie: -300m		Altitude du delta: 230m
Longueur du canyon: 5000m		Rapelle le plus haut: 60m		Nombre de rapelles: 2
Transport: Voiture obligatoire		Type de roche: basalt		Zone de prise d'eau: km ²
Saison:		Orientation: Ouest		Meilleur moment:
Évaluation: ★ 3.6 (1)		Info: ★ 0 ()		Belay: ★ 0 ()
Spécialités: Permis requis, Barrage,				
Matériel: Cordes: 1x60m, 2x30m				
Résumé: (traduction alternative) The central part of the Hidan starts with a 60m rappel, but for the rest it is a hiking canyon with some downclimbing passages.				
Hydrologie:				
Accès: (traduction alternative) First we have to park the car for the exit on the road "65" at the Dead Sea. For this we drive from the city of Karak on the "50" down to the Dead Sea. After 26.2 km we come to the T-junction "Mazra Junction" and there we continue to the right on the "65" towards the north for 23.5 km. Here (1,9 km before the bridge over the Wadi Mujib) we park our car for the exit. With the second car we drive back and up to Karak, here we take the old "Kings Highway", road "35", in the direction of Madaba. After about 65 km (from Karak) and 10 km after passing the village of Dhiban, we come to the bridge over the Wadi Wala, the upper reaches of the Wadi el Hidan. To the north of the bridge we turn left and descend along the wadi for 17 km. Then we have reached the entry to the upper part of the Hidan Upper. However, we now drive another 1.2 km on this road. We come to a place where the road "says goodbye" to the wadi in a right turn. Here we park the upper car.				
Approche: (traduction alternative) The access, which leads as directly as possible to the entry of the Hidan Lower, that is, to the central part of the wadi at the 60m rappel, requires a sense of direction and a certain intuition in finding the way. It is also the exit from the Hidan Upper, part II (GPS coordinates: 31°28'35.10 "N / 35°39'28.33 "E). From here it is about 1000m to the 60m entry waterfall. If you want to be on the safe side, you can take the Hidan Upper, part II from the parking lot ("P 2") and walk in this part for about 3 hours until you reach the waterfall. It also makes sense to walk the Hidan upper II before and then remember the exit for the ascent of the Hidan lower (then as access) (if necessary with GPS logger).				

Tour: (traduction alternative)

The entry waterfall ("Barta") has a height of about 60m (right above the beam). There is no equipped stand there, but directly above the waterfall itself are in the distance of about 8m two drill holes with thread for 10er screws (with tabs), which (both) would have to bring yourself. (last verified anno 2016).

Apparently there is also a stand about 20m to the right of the waterfall. To do this, climb up a few meters to the right and then traverse down a rocky cirque and - somewhat exposed - a rocky balcony to a chute, where we should find the belay - God willing (see video: <https://youtu.be/sRH-NuqocrU> from 1.30 min). Otherwise, it means to set an anchor yourself.

During our ascent in 2016, our guides bypassed the waterfall orographic left (!) and downclimbed into the riverbed below the waterfall.

Interesting in this basin, at the base of which we are now standing after the rappel, is the layering of sandstone and basalt.

We go downstream and encounter alternately cold and hot spring tributaries. The hot ones can be recognized purely visually idR by the red coloring of the surrounding rock. After about 1 hour the canyon widens. During our walk in 2016, we got off here to the right (about 160m below sea level) and climbed back to the parking lot P2 (about 300 m ascent).

Both the correct exit point and the subsequent way up are not easy to find. Our guides helped themselves to a local goatherd for this purpose.

Later, the Wadi Nimr soon joins the Hidan from the north. The Wadi Nimr also brings hot water.

Going further downstream, some dense vegetation prevents us from moving. However, we can bypass this part on a path that runs along the southern slope of the wadi and starts opposite the mouth of Wadi Nimr. The path goes up to about a third of the height of the canyon rim and we follow it for almost 1 km. Then the trail descends back down to the river bottom. About 2 hours later the vegetation disappears completely, the canyon becomes narrow again and over many small basalt steps we descend - with swimming in between. We are now in the Hidan Siq. Jumps are also possible here - after prior testing.

Special caution is indicated at a "slide", which had to be climbed from below with a fixed rope in 2012. In the lower reaches, a sharp stone was so dangerously jammed that there was even a risk of injury during the ascent or descent on fixed ropes (the river makes a left turn of almost 90 degrees at this point).
Then it is not far (about 30 min.) and we reach the striking final ravine with a rock platform above it, which invites us to take a rest.

The part of the Hidan Siq can also be hiked on its own and is then approached from below. The starting point is then the above described parking lot at the "65" directly at the Dead Sea. From here you walk the route described under "Rueckweg" in the opposite direction. So first up the bad slope, above then turn left on a slope coming from the right and then follow this slope, finally steeply down to Wadi Mujib. In the Wadi Mujib then upstream until the waters of the Hidan flow into the Mujib from the left, orographic, i.e. from the right through a reed belt.

Through the reed belt up to the described large pool below the "resting place" on the rock plate. Then up the stream to a large pot that used to be the exit and turnaround point for the tour. However, in 2012 there was a fixed rope in the chute above. So we were able to overcome the obstacle. This clears the way for another unimpeded ascent of Hidan Siq upstream.

The way back is then done in the opposite direction.

As a rule, this isolated ascent of Hidan Siq is also combined with the ascent of Mujib Siq, see the description there.

Retour: (traduction alternative)

From the "resting place" downhill we quickly come to the confluence of Hidan u. Mujib. In the Mujib we walk downhill until we reach the fissure, which is the beginning of the Mujib Siq. If we don't want to continue in the Mujib - another 3 to 4 hours to the exit on the "65" - we go up in the valley cut in front of the rock walls on the left and quickly come across the rutted remains of a former track. Climbing upwards on it we reach a saddle and hike beyond with a beautiful view of and over the Dead Sea down to our car. As the track branches, we keep to the right and tend in the fall line down to the sea.

Coordonnées:

Départ du Canyon [31.4762 35.6580](#)

Parking à l'entrée [31.4899 35.6741](#)


Fin du Canyon [31.4562 35.5952](#)

Parking à la sortie [31.4674 35.5731](#)

Parking à l'entrée et à la sortie [31.4550 35.5691](#)

Point de repère [31.4655 35.6112](#)

Rapports:

2023-03-09 | System User |    |  |  | |

Daten importiert von <https://canyon.carto.net/cwiki/bin/view/Canyons/HidanMiddleCanyon.html>